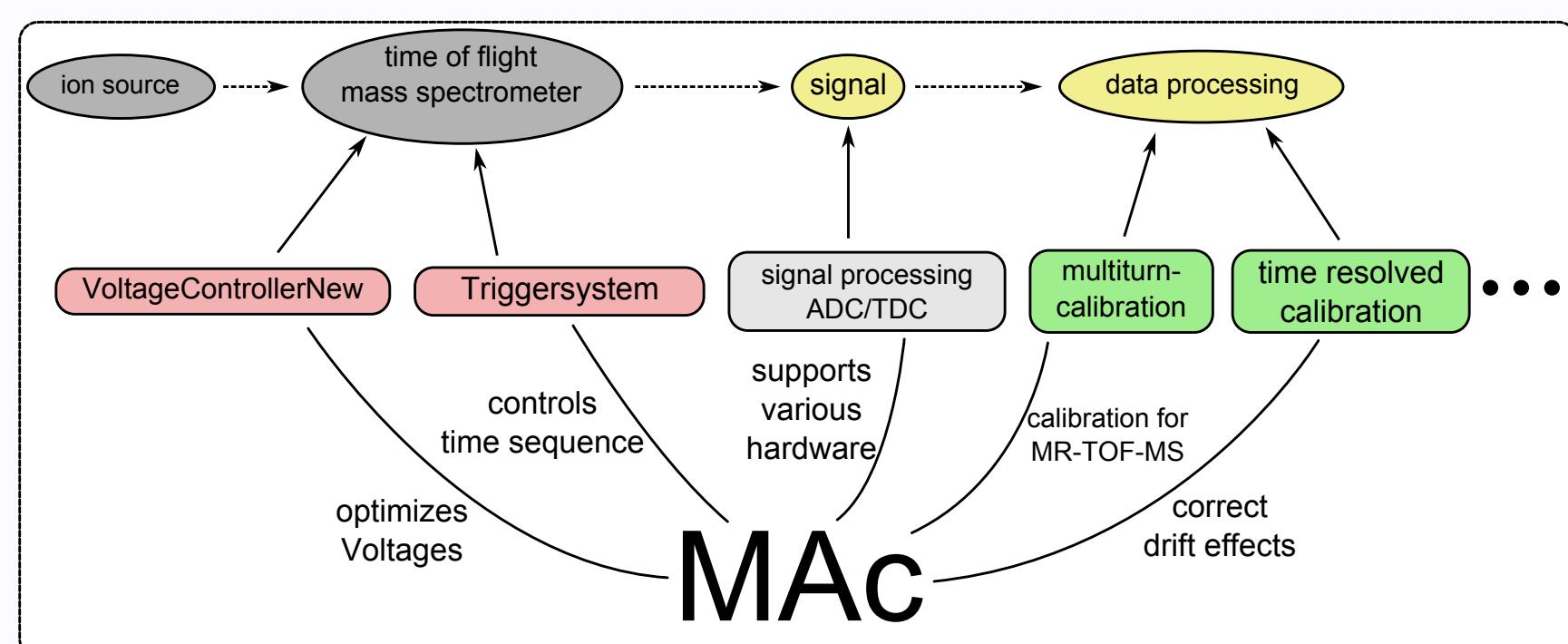


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1. MAc Software

- data acquisition
- data evaluation
- hardware control

Features:

- + ADC/TDC for large dynamic range
- + time sequence controller
- + multi-reflection calibration
- + voltage optimizer
- + time resolved calibration
- + spectra accumulation
- + automatic peak detection
- + import/export various file formats
- + data operations (e.g. smoothing)

2. Enlarging dynamic range using TDC and ADC simultaneously.

TDC:

- + detection of single ions
- dead time effect

ADC:

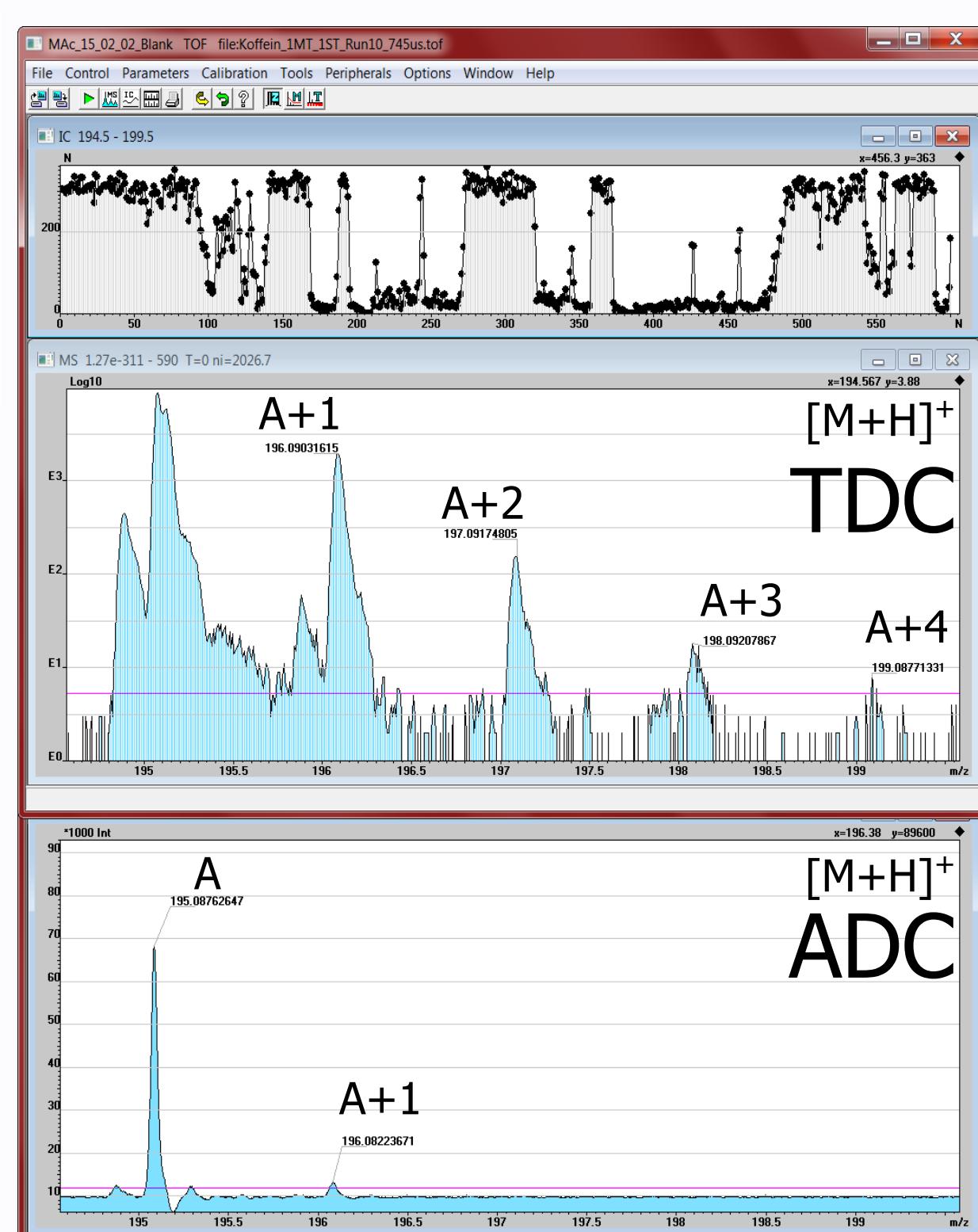
- + detection of high signal rates
- low intensity signals lost

Combined:

- + dynamic range > 4 Orders of magnitude
- + detection of high and low signal rates

MAc:

- common user Interface
- common calibration
- common file format and analysation tools



Example: Caffeine (10^{-4} mol)

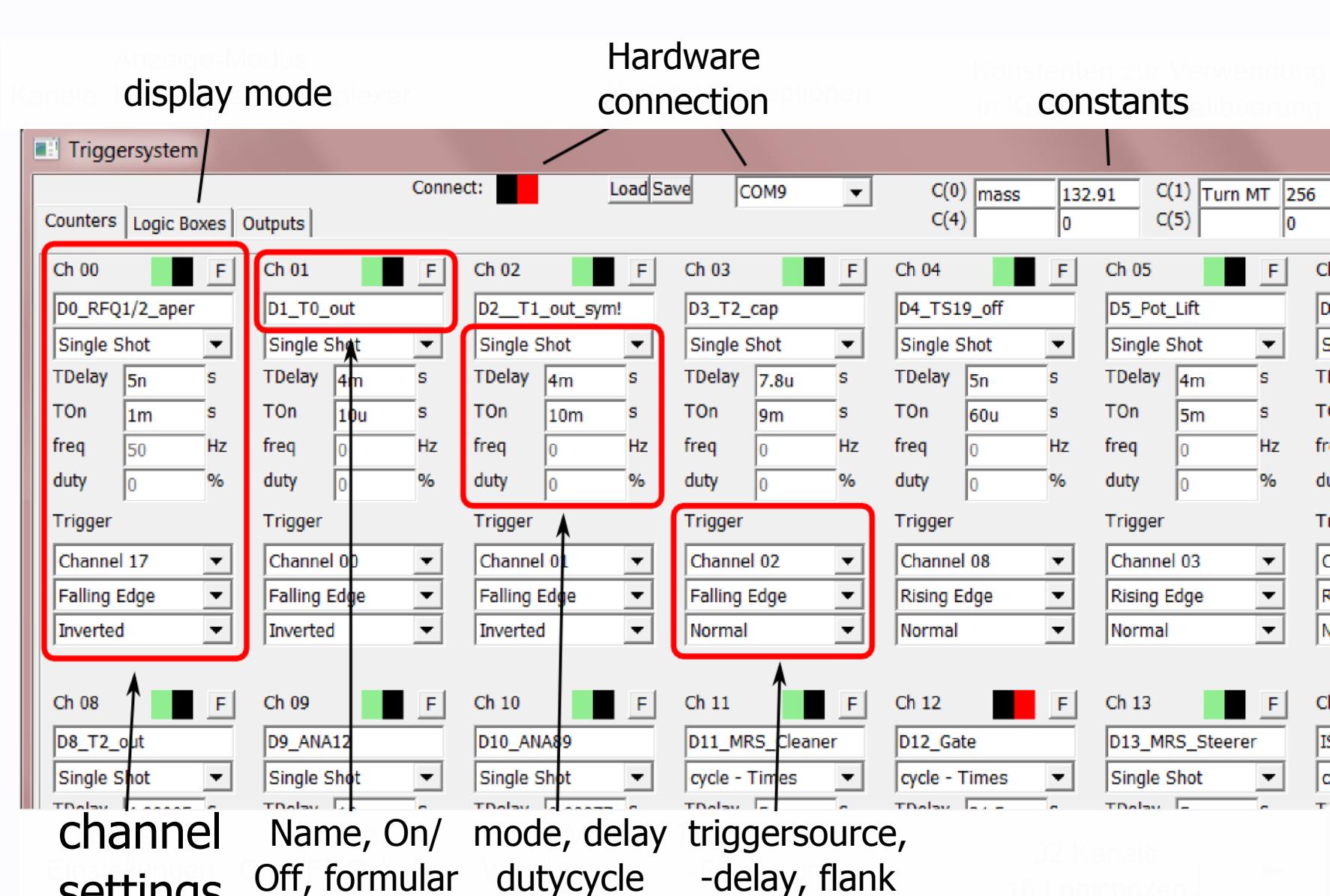
- TDC (top):
+ A+1 to A+4
ADC (bottom):
+ A and A+1

| Device | Isotope | MAc | Literature | rel. Deviation |
|--------|-------------|----------|------------|------------------------|
| ADC | m195 / m196 | 9,374 79 | 9,457 79 | 0,008 78 |
| | m196 / m197 | 11,7599 | 11,7515 | $7,1480 \cdot 10^{-4}$ |
| TDC | m197 / m198 | 5,629 95 | 19,1104 | 0,705 40 |
| | m198 / m199 | 3,404 73 | 33,768 | 0,899 17 |

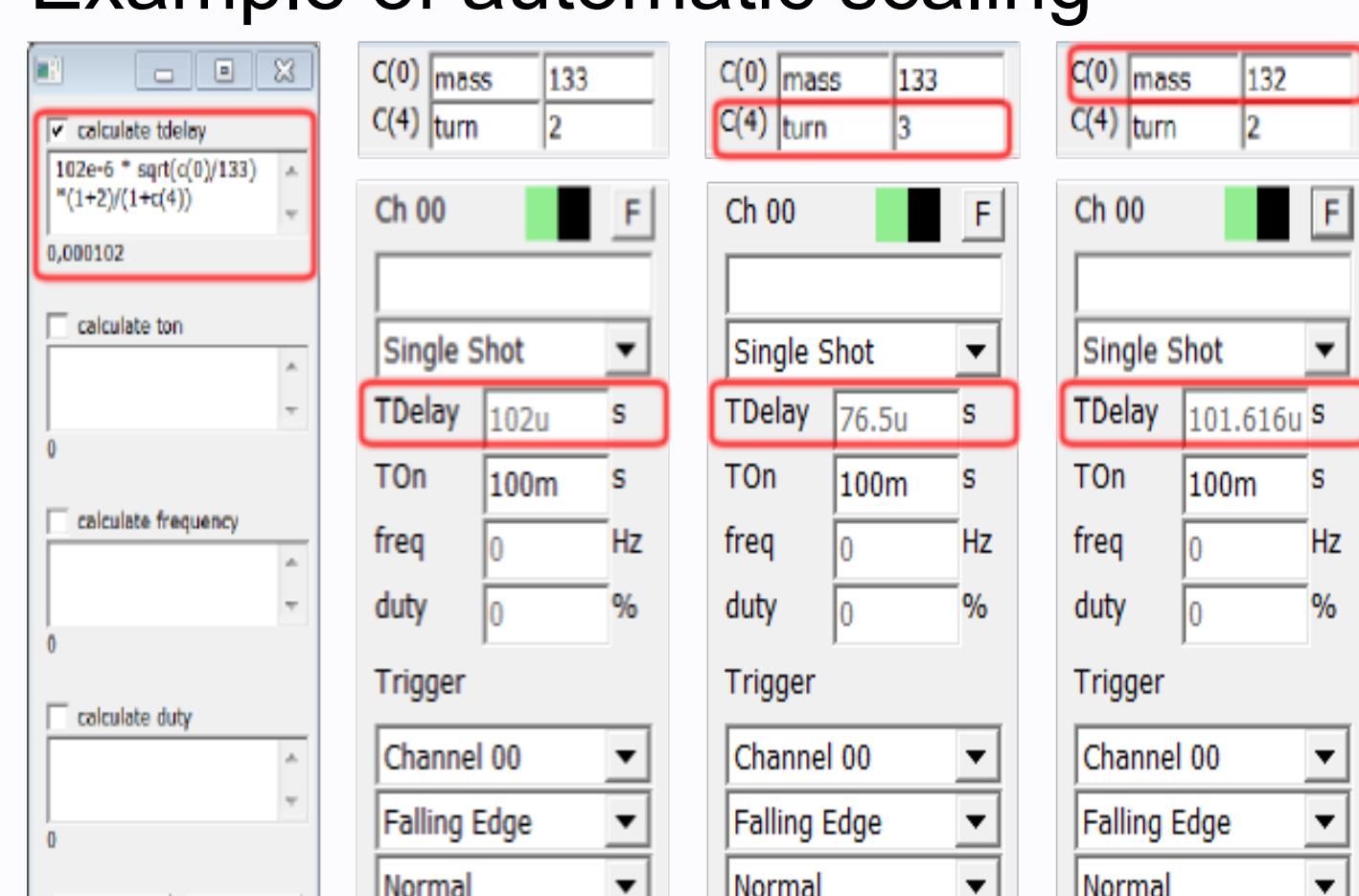
Excellent Isotop distribution
unresolve Isobars

3. Time Sequence controller

- controls time sequences for traps, electrodes etc.
- multiple modes to set delays and duty cycles



Example of automatic scaling



- + link triggers for 32 channels to each other or up to 16 logic channel combinations

- + use formulars to calculate delay and duty cycles
- + link to other channel's times
- + use up to 8 constants

- + set times can be used in other MAc parts
- calibration

4. Multiturn Calibration

Calibration Formular

$$m = a \frac{(t - t_0)^2}{(1 + b \cdot N)^2}$$

$$a = \frac{2q \cdot U}{l_{detec}^2}$$

$$b = \frac{l_{turn}}{l_{detec}}$$

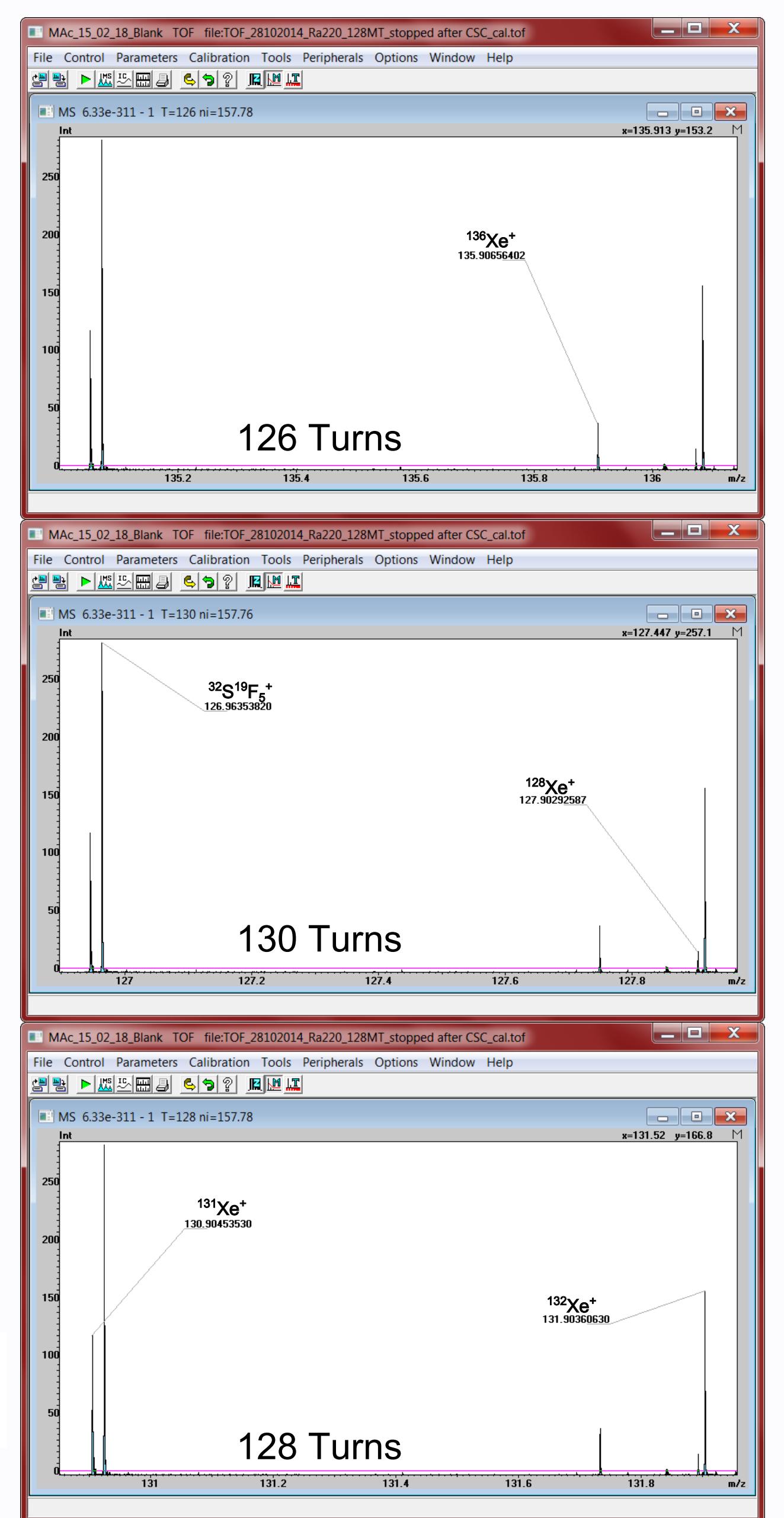
t_0 : electronic delay time

- + ≤ 3 calibrants → analytical
- + >3 calibrants
 - least square deviation minimizer
- + uses time sequence controller for trap extraction time
- + use and display for different turns in multturn calibration
- + mass range greatly increased

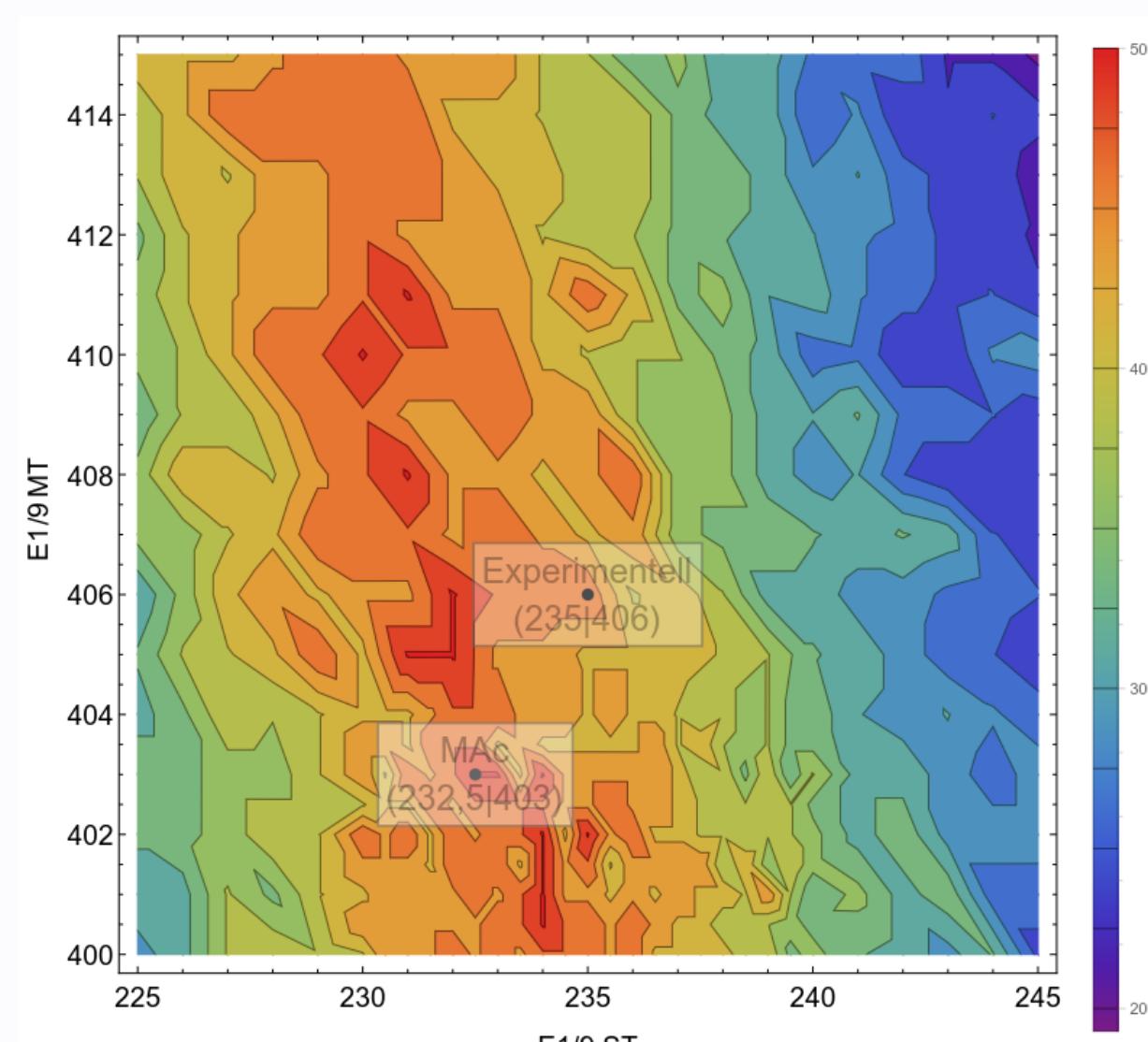
Example: Xe & SF6

- + between 126 and 130 Turns
- + precision of online identified masses of $4 \cdot 10^{-7}$

| Time (μs) | Turns | Mass MAc (u) | Mass Lit (u) | Lit-MAc | Nuklid |
|------------|-------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 49,3071469 | 130 | 127,9029259 | 127,9029822 | $4,40 \cdot 10^{-7}$ | $^{128}\text{Xe}^+$ |
| 46,5327600 | 126 | 135,9066564 | 135,9066657 | $7,48 \cdot 10^{-7}$ | $^{136}\text{Xe}^+$ |



5. Voltage Optimizer



Conclusion:

Indispensable for preparing in-situ measurements e.g. for Ambiprobe MR-TOF-MS

6. Time resolved calibration

Problem:

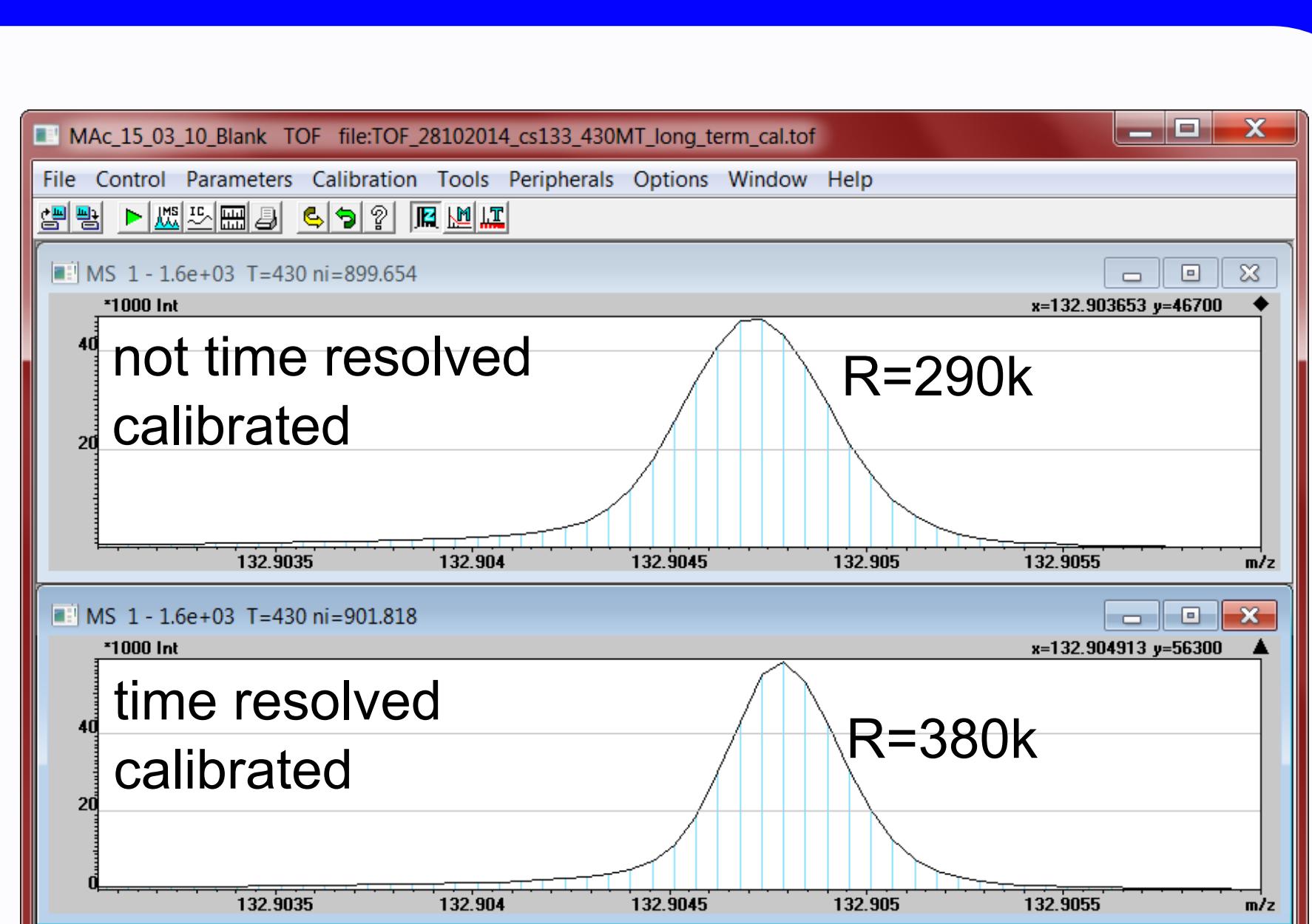
- voltages can vary during measurement
- thus flight length varies during turns
- mass lines shift in time

Solution:

- + each spectra gets calibrated → calibrant stays fixed in mass

MAc:

- + automatic detection of calibrant
- + correction of 2000 spectra in under 1 second
- + recalibrated data can be displayed and used inside MAc
- + ideally suited for long term or high resolution measurements



Poster Information

Euroschool on Exotic Beams 2016
Mainz, Germany, 28 August - 3 September
Participant: Julian Bergmann